



Provisions cover employers who do business in California and employ 50 or more part-time or full-time people.



Department of Fair Employment and Housing

- Contact DFEH by calling the toll-free number at (800) 884-1684 to schedule an appointment.
- Be prepared to present specific facts about the alleged discrimination or denial of leave.
- Keep records and provide copies of documents that support the charges in the complaint, such as paycheck stubs, calendars, correspondence, and other potential proof of discrimination.

Complaints must be filed within **one year** of the last act of discrimination.

DFEH will conduct an impartial investigation. We are not an advocate for either the person complaining or the person complained against. We represent the State of California. DFEH will, if possible, try to assist both parties to resolve the complaint.

If a voluntary settlement cannot be reached, and there is sufficient evidence to establish a violation of the law, DFEH may litigate the case in civil court. If a court decides in favor of the complaining party, remedies may include reinstatement, back pay, reasonable attorney's fees, costs, damages for emotional distress, and punitive damages.

For more information, contact DFEH toll free at
(800) 884-1684

TTY number at **(800) 700-2320**
or visit our web site at **www.dfeh.ca.gov**

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State of California
Department of Fair Employment & Housing

DFEH-188 (12/14)

California Family Rights Act

The *Fair Employment and Housing Act*, enforced by the Department of Fair Employment and Housing (DFEH), contains family care and medical leave provisions for California employees. These leave provisions, known as the *California Family Rights Act* (CFRA), cover employers who do business in California and employ 50 or more part-time or full-time people.

All such employers must provide information about the CFRA provisions to their employees and post this information in a conspicuous place where employees tend to gather. Employers who provide employee handbooks must include information about CFRA leave in the handbook.

CFRA Leave Requirements

- To be eligible for CFRA leave, an employee must have more than 12 months of service with the employer and have worked at least 1,250 hours for that employer in the 12-month period before the leave begins.
- An eligible employee may take an **unpaid** leave to bond with an adopted



The mission of the Department of Fair Employment and Housing is to protect the people of California from unlawful discrimination in employment, housing and public accommodations, and from the perpetration of acts of hate violence.

or foster child or to bond with a newborn.

- An eligible CFRA employee may take **unpaid** leave to care for a parent, spouse, or child with a serious health condition. CFRA leave may also be taken for the employee's own serious health condition.
- Full-time employees may take leave of up to 12 work weeks in a 12-month period. Part-time employees may take leave on a proportional basis. The leave does not need to be taken in one continuous period of time.
- An employer may require a 30-day advance notice of the need for a CFRA-qualifying leave. When this is not possible due to the unexpected nature of the leave, notice should be given as soon as practicable. Notice can be written or verbal and should include the timing and the anticipated duration of the leave. An employer must respond to a leave request within 10 calendar days.
- The employer may require written communication from the health-care provider of the child, parent, spouse, or employee with a serious health condition stating the reasons for the

leave and the probable duration of the condition.

- Employees are entitled to take CFRA leave in addition to any leave entitlement they might have under PDL. Leave taken for the birth or adoption of a child must be completed within **one year** of the event.
- In addition to the family care and medical leave requirements of the CFRA, employers of five or more persons have additional obligations pertaining to PDL. Please refer to the DFEH publication "Pregnancy Leave" for more information [DFEH-186].

Salary and Benefits During CFRA Leave

- Employers are **not** required to pay employees during a CFRA leave. An employer may require an employee to use accrued vacation time or other accumulated paid leave other than sick time. If the CFRA leave is for the employee's own serious health condition, the use of sick time **can be** required.
- If the employer provides health benefits under a group plan, the employer must continue to make these benefits available during the leave. The employee is also entitled to accrual of seniority and participation in other benefit plans.

Return Rights After CFRA Leave

- After CFRA leave, employees are guaranteed a return to the same or comparable position and can request the guarantee in writing.
- If the same position is no longer available, such as in a layoff or closure, the employer must offer a position that is comparable in terms of pay, location, job content, and promotional opportunities, unless the employer can prove that no comparable position exists. An employee is not entitled to reinstatement if the employee would have been otherwise laid off or terminated.

Family Temporary Disability Insurance (FTDI) or "Paid Family Leave"

Employees on CFRA leave of absence may also be eligible for six weeks of **paid** leave under FTDI, a program administered by the California Employment Development Department (EDD). For further information, contact the EDD at (800) 480-3287 or visit the web site at www.edd.ca.gov.

Filing a Complaint

If you believe your CFRA rights have been violated, you can explore filing a complaint with DFEH by following these steps: